PATENT Any. Dkt. No. UNMC/0008

## THE PENDING CLAIMS:

1-10. (Canceled)

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11. (Currently Amended) A method of producing fibroblasts, comprising: obtaining embryonic stem cells; culturing the embryonic stem cells to induce formation of embryoid bodies; isolating the embryoid bodies;

casting the embryoid bodies in a three-dimensional scaffolding material and a cell culture medium, wherein the three-dimensional scaffolding material is a gel; and

growing the embryoid bodies embedded in the three-dimensional scaffolding material and in the cell culture medium, thereby inducing differentiation of the embryoid bodies to produce substantially homogenous populations of fibroblasts while embedded in the three-dimensional scaffolding material, wherein differentiation occurs without reliance on composition of the cell culture medium.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the inducing comprises adding a cytokine to the three-dimensional embryoid body culture.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the cytokine is vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF); vascular permeability factor (VPF); members of the fibroblast growth factor family (FGF); members of the interleukin family (IL-1 $\alpha$ , and -1 $\beta$ , -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9,-10,-11,-12,-13,-14,-15,-16,-17 or -18); epidermal growth factor (EGF); platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF); platelet-derived endothelial cell growth factor (PD-ECGF); transforming growth factors alpha and beta (TGF- $\alpha$ , TGF- $\beta$ ); tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF  $\alpha$ ); hepatocyte growth factor (HGF); granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GMCSF); insulin growth factor-1 (IGF-1); angiogenin; angiotropin; fibrin, nicotinamide; macrophage inflammatory protein (MIP); macrophage migration inhibiting factor (MIF); granulocyte stimulating factor (GCSF); macrophage stimulating factor (MCSF); endothelial cell growth factor (ECGF); members of the interferon family (IFNs); members of the insulin-like growth factor family (IGF-I

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and IGF-II); nerve growth factor (NGF); members of the neurotrophin family (NTs); members of the selectin family; intercellular adhesion molecule (ICAM); platelet vascular cell adhesion molecule (PECAM); vascular cell adhesion molecule (VCAM); calcitonin, mediators, hormones or hirudin.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the cytokine is transforming growth factor beta (TGF-β); fibroblast growth factor (FGF); or interleukin 4 (IL-4).
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the inducing further comprises adding a cell culture medium comprising about 2% fetal bovine serum.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising: extracting the fibroblasts from the three-dimensional scaffolding material; and culturing the fibroblasts in monolayer culture.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the extracting is performed by digesting the three-dimensional scaffolding material and by centrifugation.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the monolayer culture includes about 10% fetal bovine serum.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the inducing includes adding FGF, TGF-b1 or IL-4 to the medium.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the inducing differentiation is influenced by the embryoid bodies being embedded in the three-dimensional scaffolding material.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the inducing differentiation of the embryoid bodies produces homogenous populations of fibroblasts.

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22. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the inducing differentiation of the embryoid bodies produces homogenous populations of fibroblasts.